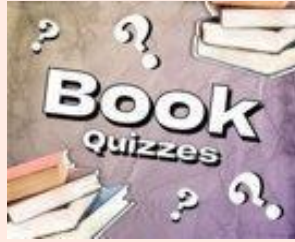


Monday 6th July 2026

06.07.26

Morning Challenge



1) What number is 1,000 more than 4,562?

2) $347 + 285 =$

3) $824 - 376 =$

4) $8 \times 7 =$

5) $54 \div 6 =$

6) 5 out of 8 parts are shaded-
What fraction is shaded?

7) What time is 30 minutes after
2:45 pm?

8) A ribbon is 125 cm long. Emma cuts off 40 cm.

How much ribbon is left?

9) There are 6 tables in a classroom.
Each table seats 4 children.

How many children can sit at the tables altogether?

10) A baker makes 48 cupcakes.
He puts them into boxes of 6.
How many boxes does he need?

06.07.26

Times tables

8 Times Table Multiplication And Division Board Game

Roll the dice and work out the multiplication or division you land on. The winner is the first to finish!

Start

8×10

$80 \div 8$ Go back to Start

8×2 $64 \div 8$

9×8

$16 \div 2$ 8×7 $40 \div 8$ Miss a go

8×8

Go back 2 spaces

$80 \div 8$ 8×1 $8 \div 1$ $32 \div 8$ Go forward 3 spaces

8×5

$96 \div 8$ $88 \div 8$ Go forward 1 space 12×8

Help a friend

8×11

$72 \div 8$ Move back to $32 \div 8$

8×10 $48 \div 8$

Go forward 4 spaces

$32 \div 8$

Move back to $96 \div 8$

3×8 8×8

Finish

twinkl.com

06.07.26

TBAT: multiply 2 and 3 digit numbers.

3 in 3

1) $718 - 142 =$

2) $253 \div 8 =$

3) Find $\frac{6}{8}$ of 48

Challenge:

A bus journey takes **73 minutes**.
Then Tom eats lunch for **39 minutes**.

Write your time in hours/minutes.

06.07.26

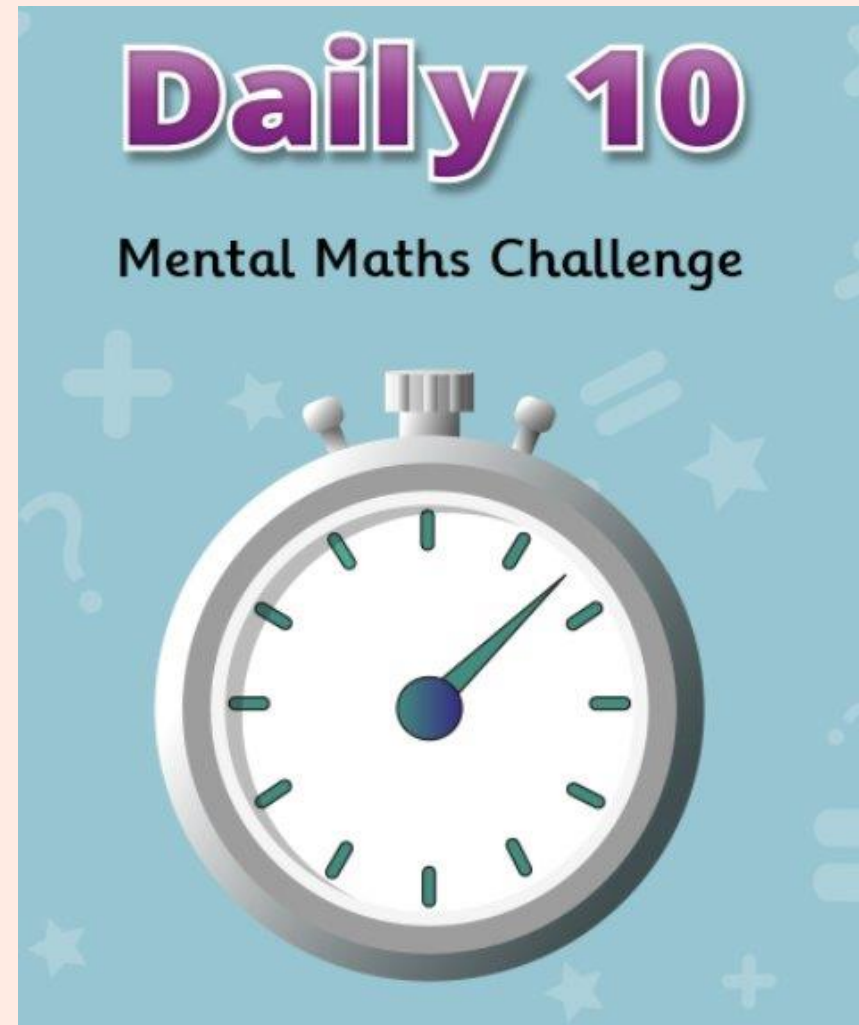
TBAT: multiply 2-and 3-digit numbers.

Key vocabulary

Multiply
Multiple

[Daily 10 - Mental
Maths Challenge
- Topmarks](#)

Level 4- 8 times
tables



06.07.26

TBAT: multiply 2 and 3 digit numbers.

T led

What method should we use to solve?:

$$836 \times 3 =$$

06.07.26

TBAT: multiply 2 and 3 digit numbers.

Whiteboards

$$725 \times 6 =$$

06.07.26

TBAT: multiply 2 and 3 digit numbers.

Whiteboards

$$193 \times 8 =$$

06.07.26

TBAT: multiply 2 and 3 digit numbers.

Whiteboards

There are 274 pencils in one case. The school buys 4 cases. How many do they have in total?

06.07.26

TBAT: multiply 2 and 3 digit numbers.

Whiteboards

There are 825 marbles, I buy 2 boxes. How many do I have now?

06.07.26

TBAT: multiply 2 and 3 digit numbers.

Blue

$$537 \times 5 =$$

Green

$$813 \times 3 =$$

Challenge: divide your answer by 10.

Independent- Write in books

$$1) 234 \times 3 =$$

$$2) 156 \times 4 =$$

$$3) 482 \times 2 =$$

$$4) 317 \times 5 =$$

$$5) 628 \times 6 =$$

$$6) 745 \times 7 =$$

$$7) 890 \times 8 =$$

RP: Sam says:

$$326 \times 4 = 1,204$$

Is Sam correct?

Use a method of your choice to explain your answer.

Challenge

Each packet contains 125 stickers. I buy 7 packets. How many stickers do I have altogether?

Mastery Challenge

A school buys **325 pencils** for each classroom.

There are **4 classrooms**.

After they arrive, **187 pencils are given out to pupils**.

How many pencils does the school have left?

Greater Depth Challenge

A number is multiplied by **7** and the answer is **2,814**.

What was the original 3-digit number?

Check your answer using the inverse.

Break time 9:50-10:05

Matilda performance 10:15am

Monday 6th July 2026

Spelling rule – adverbials

This week's spellings are **adverbials of manner**.

An adverbial of **manner** is a word or phrase that describes **how** an action is done.

For example,

She sang **beautifully**. → (How did she sing? Beautifully)

He ran **quickly**. → (How did he run? Quickly)

Talk partners

Can you think of any others?

Spellings - Word meaning

Awkwardly – in a way that feels clumsy or uncomfortable

Frantically – in a wild, rushed, or panicked way

Curiously – in a way that shows wonder or wanting to know more

Obediently – in a way that follows rules or does what you are told

Carefully – in a way that avoids mistakes or danger

Ordinarily – in a usual or normal way

Unexpectedly – in a way that was not planned or guessed

Deliberately – in a way that is done on purpose

Hurriedly – in a fast and rushed way

Reluctantly – in an unwilling way, when you don't really want to do something

awkwardly

frantically

curiously

obediently

carefully

ordinarily

unexpectedly

deliberately

hurriedly

reluctantly

Monday 6th July 2026

TBAT: retrieve information from a text.

3 in 3

One sunny day, Ben and his family went to the beach. Before going near the water, they looked for the lifeguard flags. Ben saw a red and yellow flag, which showed the safest place to swim. He stayed between the flags and listened carefully to the lifeguard's advice.

While playing, Ben noticed the waves becoming bigger. He remembered that it is important not to go too far from the shore. If someone gets into difficulty in the sea, they should stay calm, float on their back and call for help. Thanks to following the sea safety rules, Ben and his family had a fun and safe day at the beach.

- 1. What did the red and yellow flags tell Ben?**
- 2. Why did Ben stay close to the shore?**
- 3. What should a person do if they get into difficulty in the sea?**

Monday 6th July 2026

TBAT: retrieve information from a text.

Vocabulary/phrases in the text

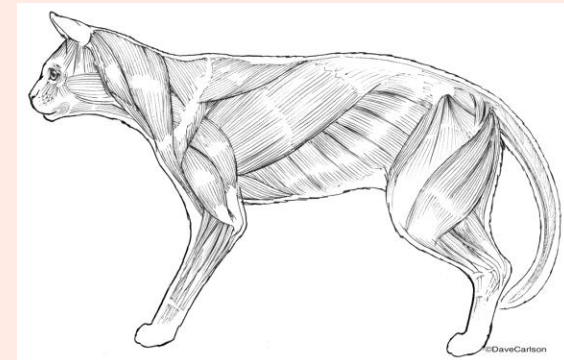


Tension – a feeling of pressure, stress or discomfort

Relief – a feeling of happiness after something unpleasant didn't happen



'Flexing his muscles' - cause a group of muscles to stand out



Monday 6th July 2026

TBAT: retrieve information from a text.

Read chapter 28

Multiple choice

1. How did Varjak describe the black cats to Holly?

large dangerous sneaky

2. What noise did Varjak hear coming from the front room?

Laughing talking miaowing

3. Who is now head of the family?

Father Julius Jasmine

Monday 6th July 2026

TBAT: retrieve information from a text.

Retrieval questions

1. How had things changed in the house from what Varjak remembered? (Pg 193)
2. What did Varjak and Holly shake from their fur? (Pg 194)
3. Where did Holly go to check? (Pg 195)
4. Why did relief flood through Varjak when he saw his family? (Pg 196)
5. How did Varjak feel about being home? (197)
6. What had happened to the toy mouse since Varjak had been away? (Pg 198)

Challenge

Look at the paragraph that starts - ***'Now, now,' said mother.***

Why do you think Julius shot his mother a look when she starts to talk about the Gentleman's cats?

Monday 6th July 2026

Q – Which legacies of Ancient Greece are the most significant?

3 in 3

Fill in the blanks

- 1) In Ancient Greek history, something is _____ if it was very important and changed people's lives.
- 2) A _____ is what people leave behind from the past, such as ideas, buildings, or traditions.
- 3) Historians use _____ to decide if something from Ancient Greece is important to learn about.

Significant
Criteria
Legacy

Monday 6th July 2026

Q – Which legacies of Ancient Greece are the most significant?

Blue – Why is the Olympics significant?

Green – Why is architecture significant?

Challenge- Which legacy do you believe to be the most significant and why?

Keywords

In the study of history, something of great importance, that people have chosen to study is **significant**.

Criteria are the measures by which people judge things.

A decision made by an individual person or group of people that is reached using certain factors or **criteria** is a **judgement**.

A **legacy** is the long-lasting impact of historical events, actions, a person or group of people.

How do we decide how significant something is?

Part of the job of a historian is to consider how **significant** they think events of the past are.

They consider many factors and look at various events, comparing them to judge which is the most or least **significant**.



History tells us about how things change over time, so I think the most **significant** events in history must have caused great changes.

How do we decide how significant something is?

The factors that historians use when they are considering how **significant** something is are called **criteria**.

Using **criteria** helps them to measure, compare and make **judgments**.

People can use **criteria** in lots of other situations as well.

I think this is like when I have to tidy my room and finish homework before my dads will let me play with the dog. That's their **criteria**!



How do we decide how significant something is?

Sometimes, **criteria** can be based on **factual evidence**. For example:

- How many people were involved in the event?
- How long did an event last?
- How much money did the event cost?

Criteria like this are useful for making direct comparisons.

So, if one event lasted longer than another, does that mean it is more **significant**?



How do we decide how significant something is?

Sometimes, **criteria** can be based on **human evidence**. For example:

- Which people were involved in the event and how were they involved?
- What was the impact of the event on people's lives?
- Is the event still remembered today?

Criteria like this can vary because people can have different opinions about the same thing.

People can react to things and think differently. So they may not see events in the same way.



There are many **legacies** of Ancient Greece that still exist in the modern world.

Without the Ancient Greek civilisation, many aspects of life today would be very different.

But which **legacy** is the most **significant**?



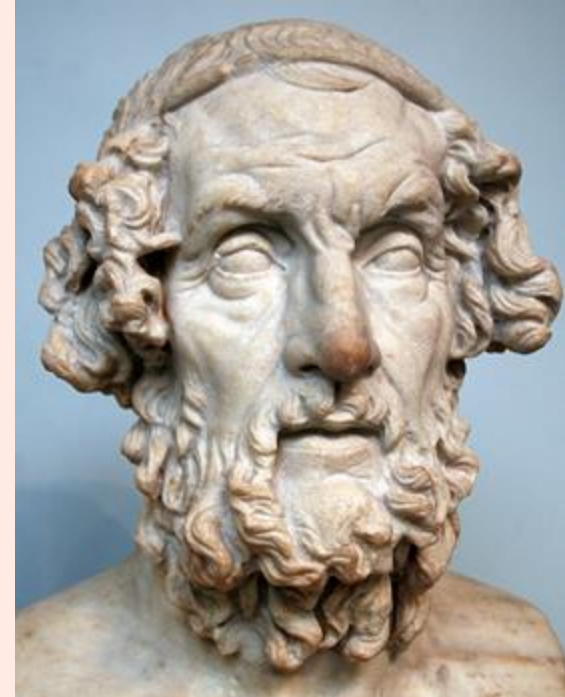
It's incredible that a civilisation from 2000 years ago still has such a big influence on life today!

What are the legacies of Ancient Greece?

Ancient Greek **mythology** has given us some of the most incredible stories ever told.

One of the most famous Greek myths is about the Trojan War. It was written into an epic poem, *The Iliad*, by Homer. It is still read by people today!

The **legacies** of Homer, his epic poems and myths can be seen in the great influence they have had on literature and art over time.



Marble bust of Homer

What are the legacies of Ancient Greece?

The study of **philosophy** began in Ancient Greece with the teachings of Socrates, Plato and Aristotle.

The work of these philosophers helped people ask questions and think more deeply about life and the world around them.

The popularity of philosophy today around the world is an important **legacy** from the Ancient Greeks.

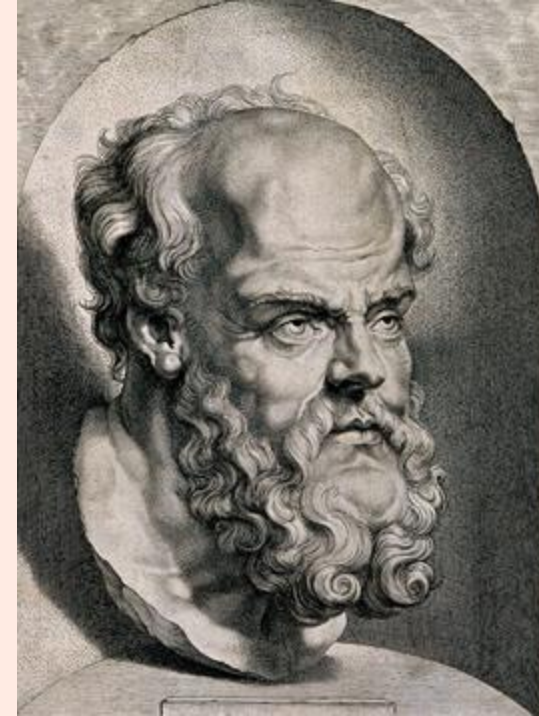


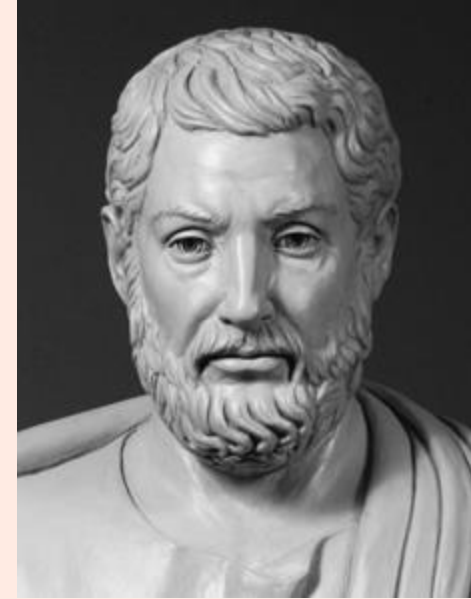
Illustration of Socrates

What are the legacies of Ancient Greece?

Democracy was born in the Ancient Greek city-state of Athens.

This meant that the people had a say about how the city-state of Athens was run. Athenian men had debates and cast votes to reach important decisions.

The **legacy** of this is that many countries around the world today have their own styles of democracies.



Statue of Cleisthenes who set up the first direct democracy in Athens

What are the legacies of Ancient Greece?

The **Olympic Games** began in Ancient Greece.

Although it started as a religious festival, its lasting **legacy** as a popular sporting event has meant it continues today.

It is held every four years and athletes from all over the world compete against each other in the hope of winning a medal.



Photo of the Olympic flag and the flags of some of the countries taking part in 2018

What are the legacies of Ancient Greece?

The Greek **language** is one of the oldest known languages in the world and is still used today by over 13 million speakers.

The **legacy** of the language can be seen in the influence it has had on other languages. For example, many prefixes and suffixes in English come from Greek.

Α α	Β β	Γ γ	Δ δ
alpha	beta	gamma	delta
Ε ε	Ζ ζ	Η η	Θ θ
epsilon	zeta	eta	theta
Ι ι	Κ κ	Λ λ	Μ μ
iota	kappa	lambada	mu
Ν ν	Ξ ξ	Ο ο	Π π
nu	xi	omicron	pi
Ρ ρ	Σ σ ς	Τ τ	Υ υ
rho	sigma	tau	upsilon
Φ φ	Χ χ	Ψ ψ	Ω ω
phi	chi	psi	omega

The Greek Alphabet

What are the legacies of Ancient Greece?

The Ancient Greek style of **architecture** included buildings with features like stone columns and carved friezes.

In cities all around the world, the **legacy** of Ancient Greek architecture can be seen in the style of many important buildings which use the same features.



Photo of the Lincoln Memorial in
Washington, USA

Turn and talk:

Which legacy do you think is the most significant and why?



Q1. Match the word to its correct historical meaning.

significant - a decision made by an individual person or group of people

criteria - the measures by which people judge things

judgement - something of great importance, that people have chosen to study

Q2. Complete the sentence: Part of the job of a historian is to consider how _____ they think events of the past are.

Q3. Which statements are correct about how significance is judged by historians?

There is one most significant legacy, agreed by all historians.

Historians' opinions about significance differ depending on their view.

Significance depends on what criteria historians are using.

The criteria historians use can only ever be based on factual evidence.

Q4. Match the Ancient Greek legacy to the impact it has had on our lives today.

mythology - has influenced the way many countries govern today

philosophy - has taught us to think more deeply about life and the world

democracy - has given us some of the most incredible stories ever told

Q5. What began in Ancient Greece and is still celebrated today?

The Commonwealth Games

The Olympic Games

The World Cup

The Paralympic Games

Q6. How many speakers still use the Greek language today?

approximately 3 million speakers

approximately 13 million speakers

approximately 31 million speakers

lundi 6 juillet

TBAT: identify which animal and which plant lives in a particular habitat.

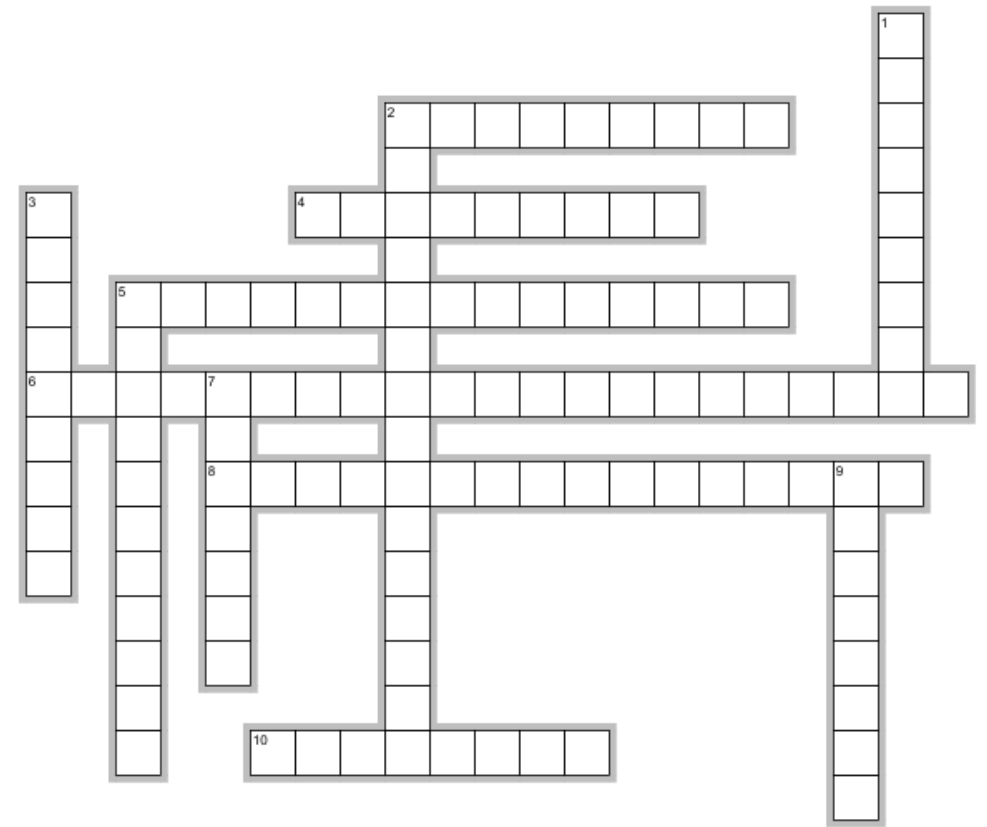
Turn and talk:

How do you say
'animals' in French?

How do you say
'plants' in French?

Les habitats 

Independent



Word bank

LA FORÊT TROPICALE LAPRAIRIE LE CHAMEAU LE DÉSERT LE LAPIN
LE REQUIN LES ALGUES LES BUISSONS LES CACTUS LES GRANDS ARBRES
LES INGEARAIGNÉE LES PLANTES RÉSISTANTES

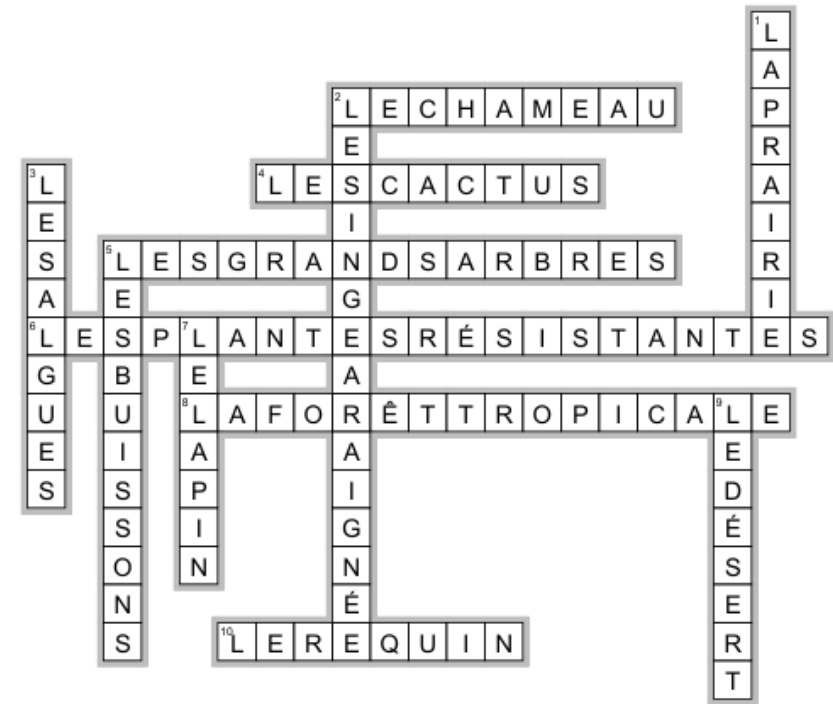
Across

- 2. The camel
- 4. The cacti
- 5. The tall trees
- 6. The hardy plants
- 8. The tropical rainforest
- 10. The shark

Down

- 1. The meadow
- 2. The spider monkey
- 3. The seaweeds
- 5. The bushes
- 7. The rabbit
- 9. The desert

Answers



Across

2. LECHAMEAU — The camel
4. LESCACTUS — The cacti
5. LESGRANDSARBRES — The tall trees
6. LESPLANTESRÉSISTANTES — The hardy plants
8. LAFORÊTTROPICALE — The tropical rainforest
10. LEREQUIN — The shark

Down

1. LAPRAIRIE — The meadow
2. LESINGEARAIGNÉE — The spider monkey
3. LESALGUES — The seaweeds
5. LESBUISSONS — The bushes
7. LELAPIN — The rabbit
9. LEDÉSERT — The desert