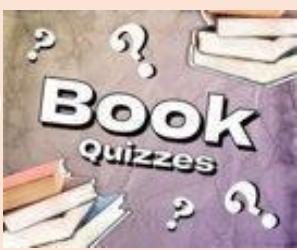


Monday 12th January 2026

12.01.25

Morning Challenge

Good Morning



$$1) \quad \begin{array}{r} 7499 \\ + 3126 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$2) \quad \begin{array}{r} 5386 \\ - 2115 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$3) \quad \begin{array}{r} 3775 \\ + 634 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$4) \quad \begin{array}{r} 7408 \\ - 5132 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$5) \quad \begin{array}{r} 6541 \\ + 766 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$6) \quad \begin{array}{r} 3641 \\ - 3115 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$7) \quad \begin{array}{r} 4472 \\ + 2316 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$8) \quad \begin{array}{r} 1709 \\ - 654 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Monday 12th January 2026

12.01.25

9 am Assembly

Monday 12th January 2026

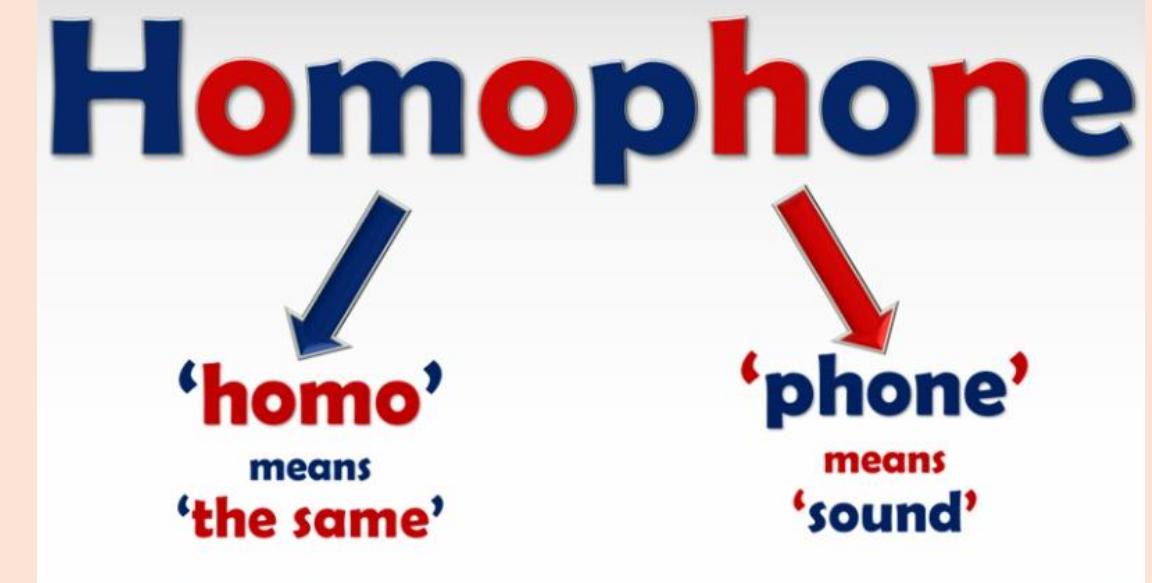
12.1.26

Spellings

Talk partners

What are homophones?

**How were some of our
homophones from last
week?**



Homophones and near homophones

Word definition

Let's read each word and discuss its definition.

Handwriting

Warm up – fine warm up – rotating wrists

Posture – are you sitting reading to write?

Write each word twice using joined letters in your handwriting book.

Right-handed posture



Left-handed posture



cereal
serial
check
cheque
through
threw
draft
draught
stares
stairs

cereal
serial
check
cheque
through
threw
draft
draught
stares
stairs

Monday 12th January 2026

TBAT: make predictions about a text

3 in 3

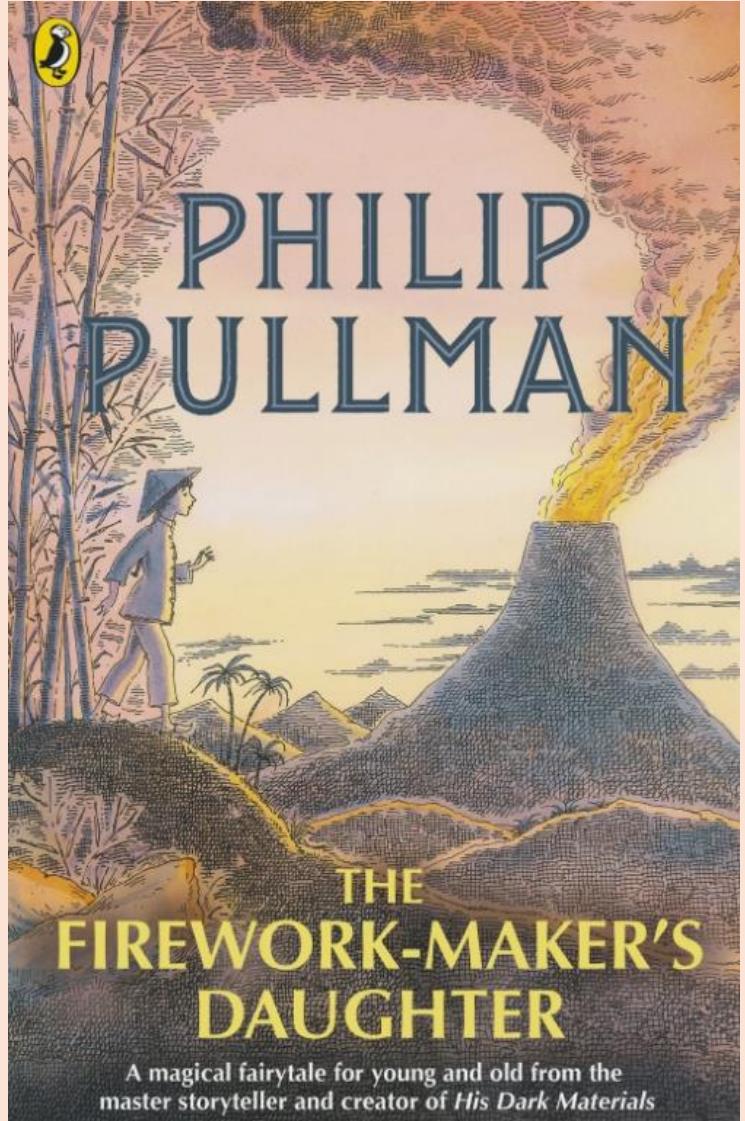
Philip Pullman is a British author best known for his fantasy books. He became famous for *His Dark Materials*, a series that has captivated readers worldwide. However, Pullman has also written many other books for younger readers, including *The Firework-Maker's Daughter*. This story follows a young girl named Lila, who dreams of becoming a firework-maker like her father. It's a magical adventure about courage, friendship, and following your dreams. Pullman's writing is known for its rich imagination and strong characters.

- 1) What is the name of the protagonist?**
- 2) Which series made Philip Pullman famous?**
- 3) What themes can be found in *The Firework-Maker's Daughter*?**

CHALLENGE: In the text, the word “captivated” is used to describe how *His Dark Materials* has affected readers. What does *captivated* most nearly mean in this context?

Monday 12th January 2026

TBAT: make predictions about a text



Look at the front cover and answer these questions in your book.

- What do you think the book will be about?
- What things can you see on the front cover?
- What sort of story will it be?

Monday 12th January 2026

TBAT: make predictions about a text

Now read the blurb and answer these questions in your book.

- Were any of your predictions correct?
- What qualities do you think Lila will need to succeed on her journey?

Illustrated by Peter Bailey

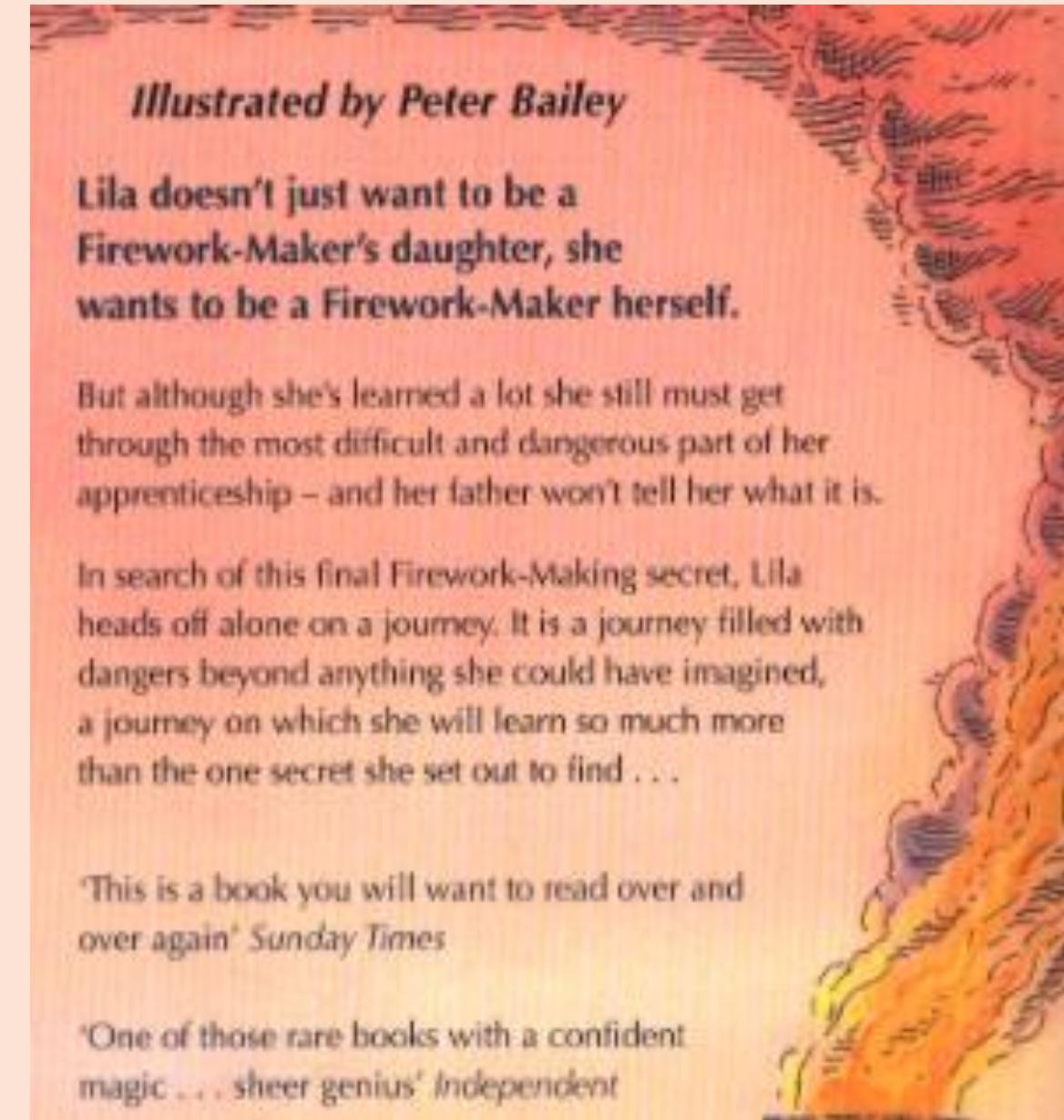
Lila doesn't just want to be a Firework-Maker's daughter, she wants to be a Firework-Maker herself.

But although she's learned a lot she still must get through the most difficult and dangerous part of her apprenticeship – and her father won't tell her what it is.

In search of this final Firework-Making secret, Lila heads off alone on a journey. It is a journey filled with dangers beyond anything she could have imagined, a journey on which she will learn so much more than the one secret she set out to find . . .

'This is a book you will want to read over and over again' *Sunday Times*

'One of those rare books with a confident magic . . . sheer genius' *Independent*



Monday 12th January 2026

TBAT: make predictions about a text

Vocabulary/phrases in the text

Cradle - A small bed for a baby.



Somersault- A movement where you turn your body upside down.

Courtier- A person who works at a royal court, often a servant or advisor to the king or queen.

Rickshaw-drivers- People who drive rickshaws, which are small carts pulled by a person.



Detest- To strongly dislike something or someone.

Solemn- Serious, not showing much emotion.

Monday 12th January 2026

TBAT: make predictions about a text

Multiple choice

1) What is the firework maker's name?

Lalchand Tommy Lila

2) Who is Hamlet in love with?

Chulak Lila Lalchand

3) Why was the white elephant a punishment?

Because it was too small and weak

Because it was rare and difficult to care for

Because it could not make fireworks

Read chapter 1

Independent – Remember to answer in full sentences

- 1) Do you think Lila will be able to prove her father wrong and become a firework-maker? Why or why not?
- 2) How do you think the relationship between Lila and her father will change throughout the story?
- 3) What challenges do you predict Lila will face in her quest to learn the secret of firework-making?
- 4) Predict what the final secret of firework making might be.

Challenge:

Lila really wants to become a firework-maker, but her father doesn't think it's a good idea for her.

How do you think Lila's adventure might show that girls can do anything they set their minds to?

What do you think she will learn about herself by the end of the story?

Monday 12th January 2026

Q - What are the key physical features of South America?

3 in 3

The Amazon River is one of the longest rivers in the world, flowing through South America. It begins in the Andes Mountains of Peru and travels across Brazil before reaching the Atlantic Ocean. The river is home to thousands of species of plants and animals, including the famous pink river dolphin. It also provides water, food and transportation for millions of people living in the Amazon rainforest.

- 1. Where does the Amazon River begin?**
- 2. Name one animal that lives in the Amazon River.**
- 3. How does the river help people who live in the rainforest?**

Monday 12th January 2026

Q - What are the key physical features of South America?

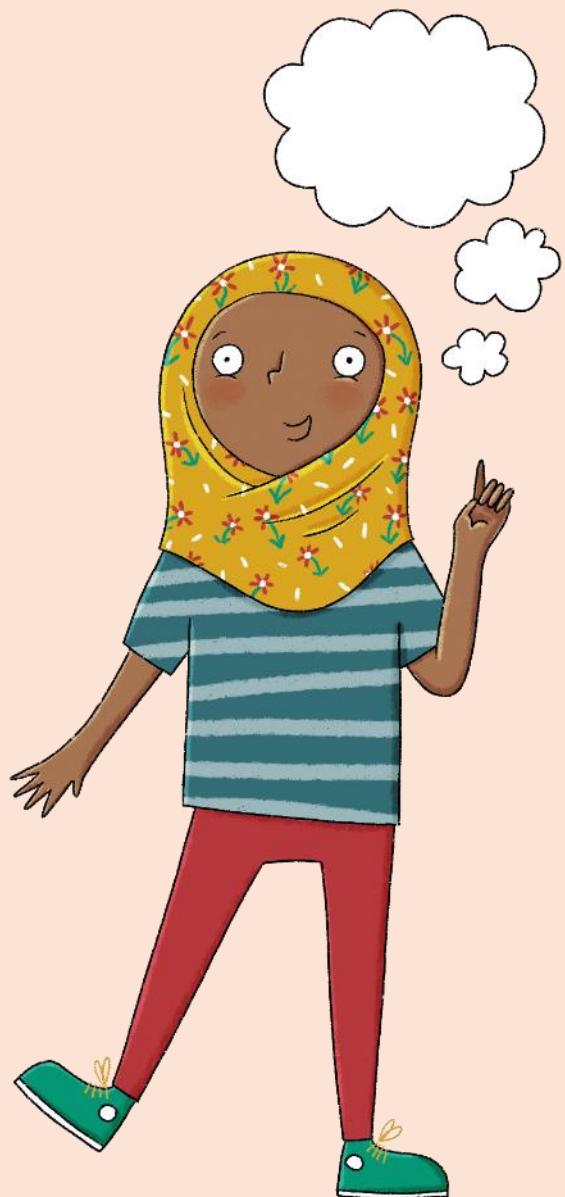
Blue – What is the name of the **country** you live in?

Green – What is the name of the **county** you live in?

Challenge – What is the name of the **continent** you live on?

Enquiry question

What is the Amazon,
why is it important, and
should it be protected?



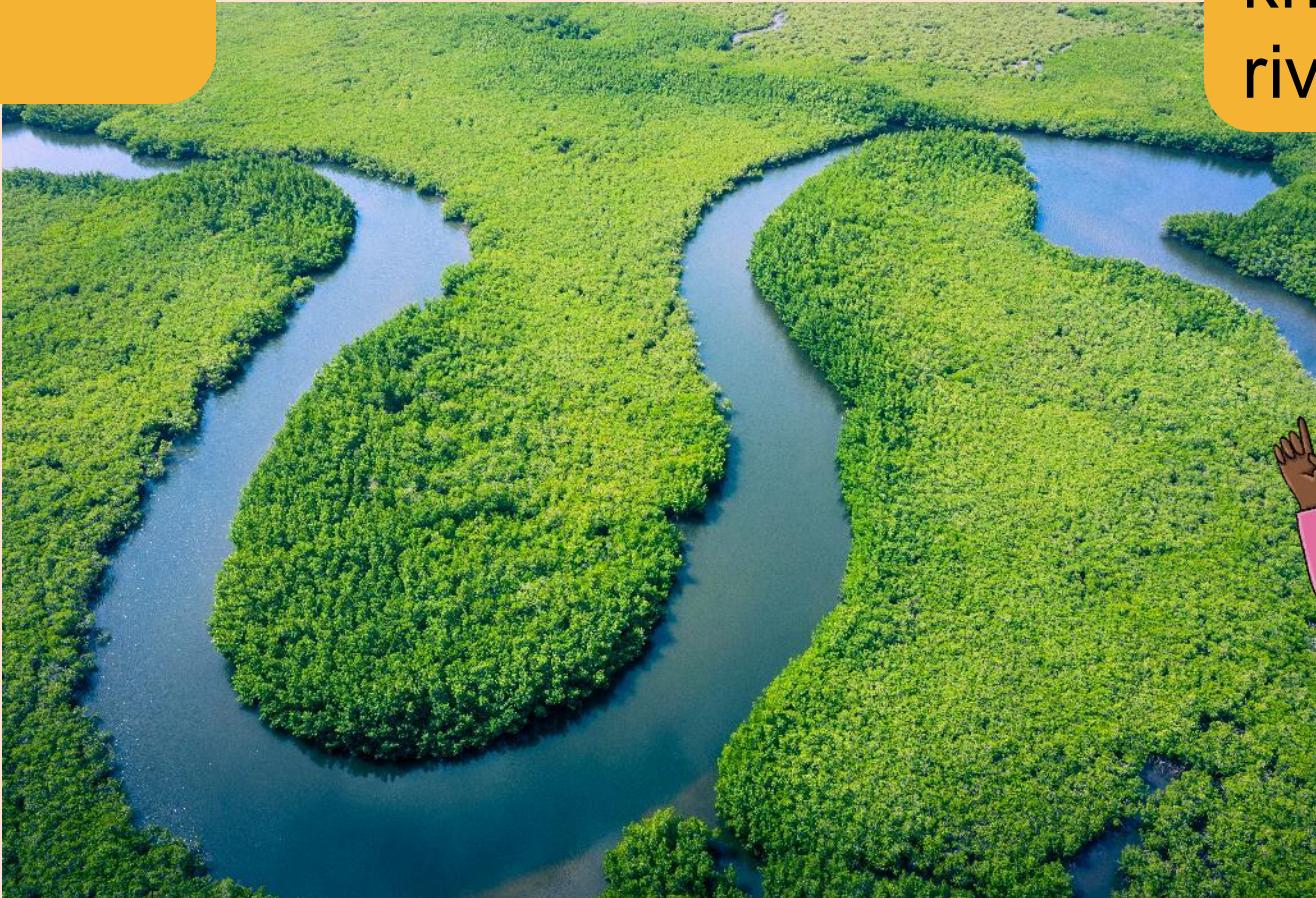
Lesson 1: Existing knowledge

What do you know about rainforests?



Turn and talk

What do you know about rivers?



Lesson 1: Lesson statement

The key term in this lesson is **physical feature**. A physical feature is something that is created in nature, such as climate zones, biomes, oceans, mountains, and rivers.

In this lesson, we will develop knowledge about the location of South America and some of its physical features.



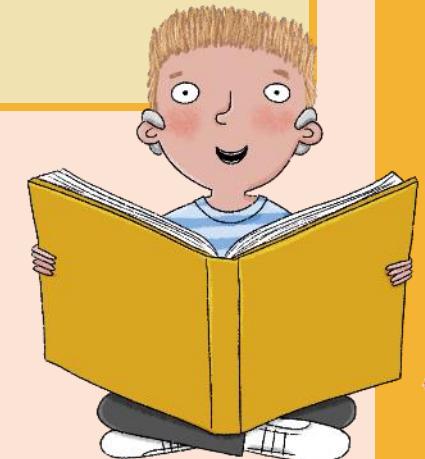
What are the key physical features of South America?

Key knowledge

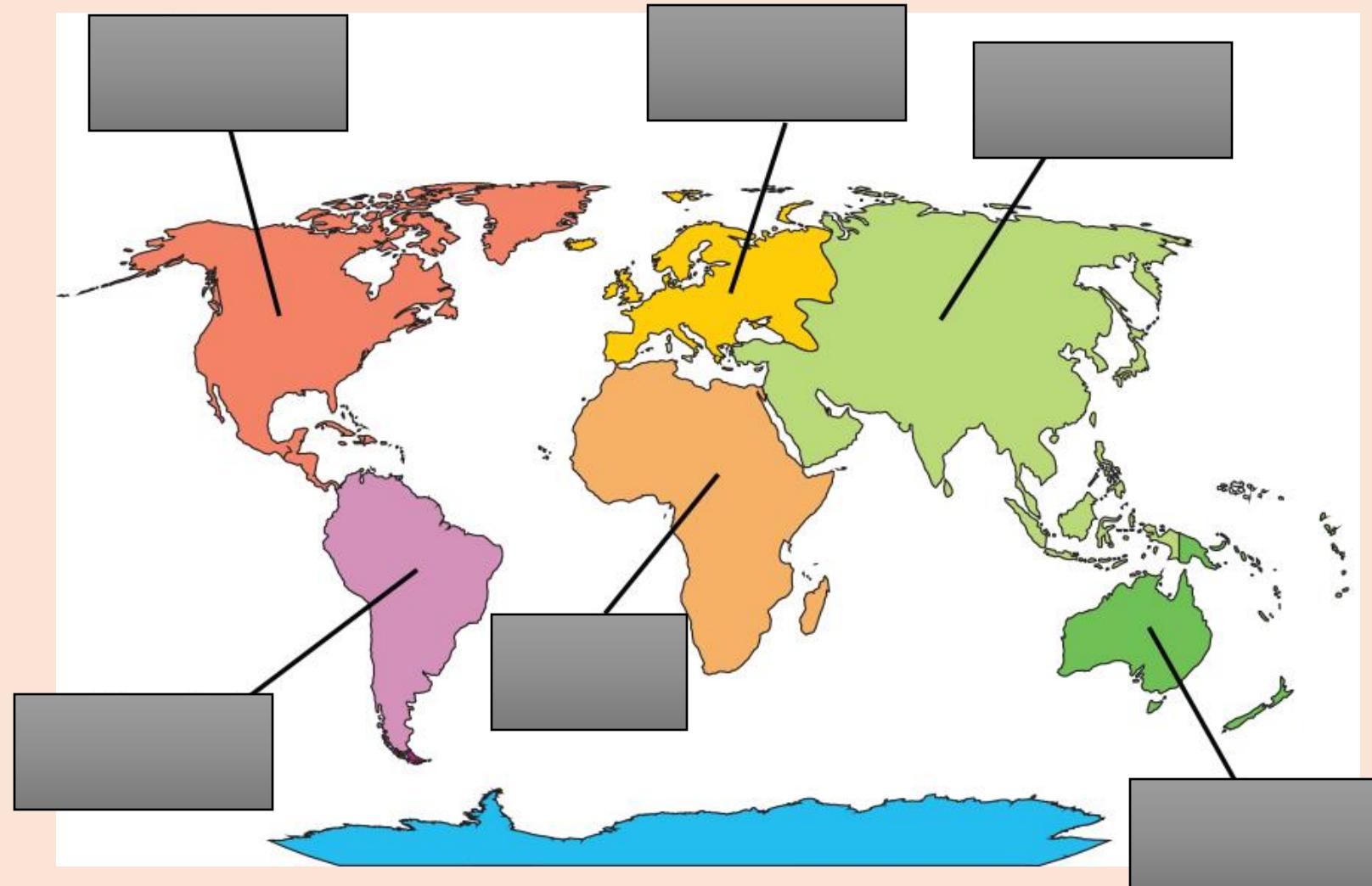
- South America is a continent in the Southern Hemisphere.
- There are many different climate zones across South America.
- Physical geography is about the natural world.
- Human geography is about the human impact on the world.

Key vocabulary

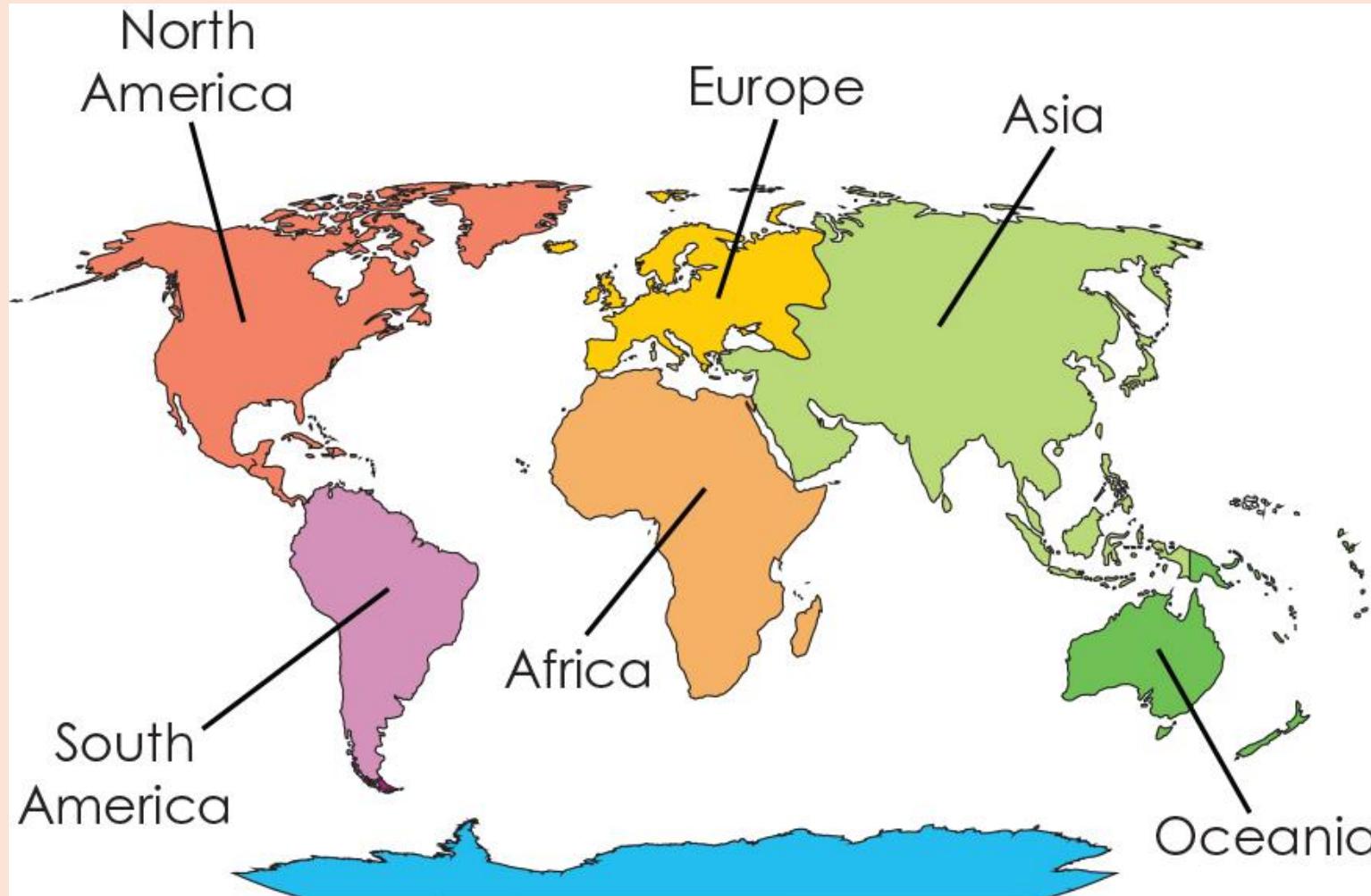
- climate
- continent
- hemisphere
- human
- interaction



Prior knowledge - Do you remember the names and locations of the continents of the world?



Do you remember the names and locations of the continents of the world?



Answer the following questions.

1. Which hemisphere is South America in?

2. Which continent is to the north of South America?

3. Which sea is to the east of South America?

4. Which sea is to the west of the South America?



Answer the following questions.

1. Which hemisphere is South America in?

The Southern Hemisphere

2. Which continent is to the north of South America?

North America

3. Which sea is to the east of South America?

The Atlantic Ocean

4. Which sea is to the west of the South America?

The Pacific Ocean



What is the difference between human and physical geography?

When we look at the geography of our world, we can find both **human** and **physical** features.

Video

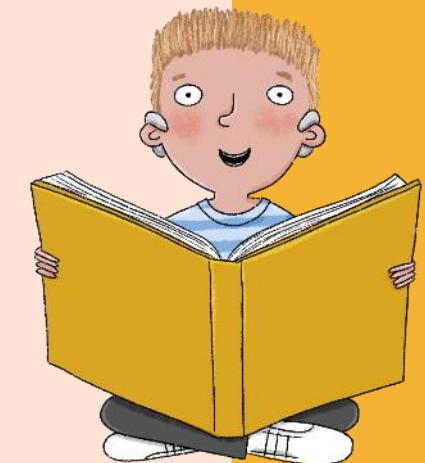
[What's the difference between physical and human geography? Powered by @Geography Hawks](#)



What is the difference between human and physical geography?

Human geography is the study of people and their **interactions** with the world around them. A human feature is something that has been created or built by humans, such as settlements, buildings, monuments, farms, and factories.

Physical geography is the study of the natural world—the Earth and its natural features. A physical feature is something that is created in nature, such as climate zones, biomes, oceans, mountains, and **rivers**.



On your sheet, sort the features into human and physical.

settlement

biome

mountain

factories

lake

buildings

ocean

climate zone

river

monuments

farms

Human features

Physical features



Sort the features into human and physical- answers.

settlement

biome

mountain

factories

lake

buildings

ocean

climate zone

river

monuments

farms

Human features

settlement

farms

factories

buildings

monuments

Physical features

biome

ocean

mountain

river

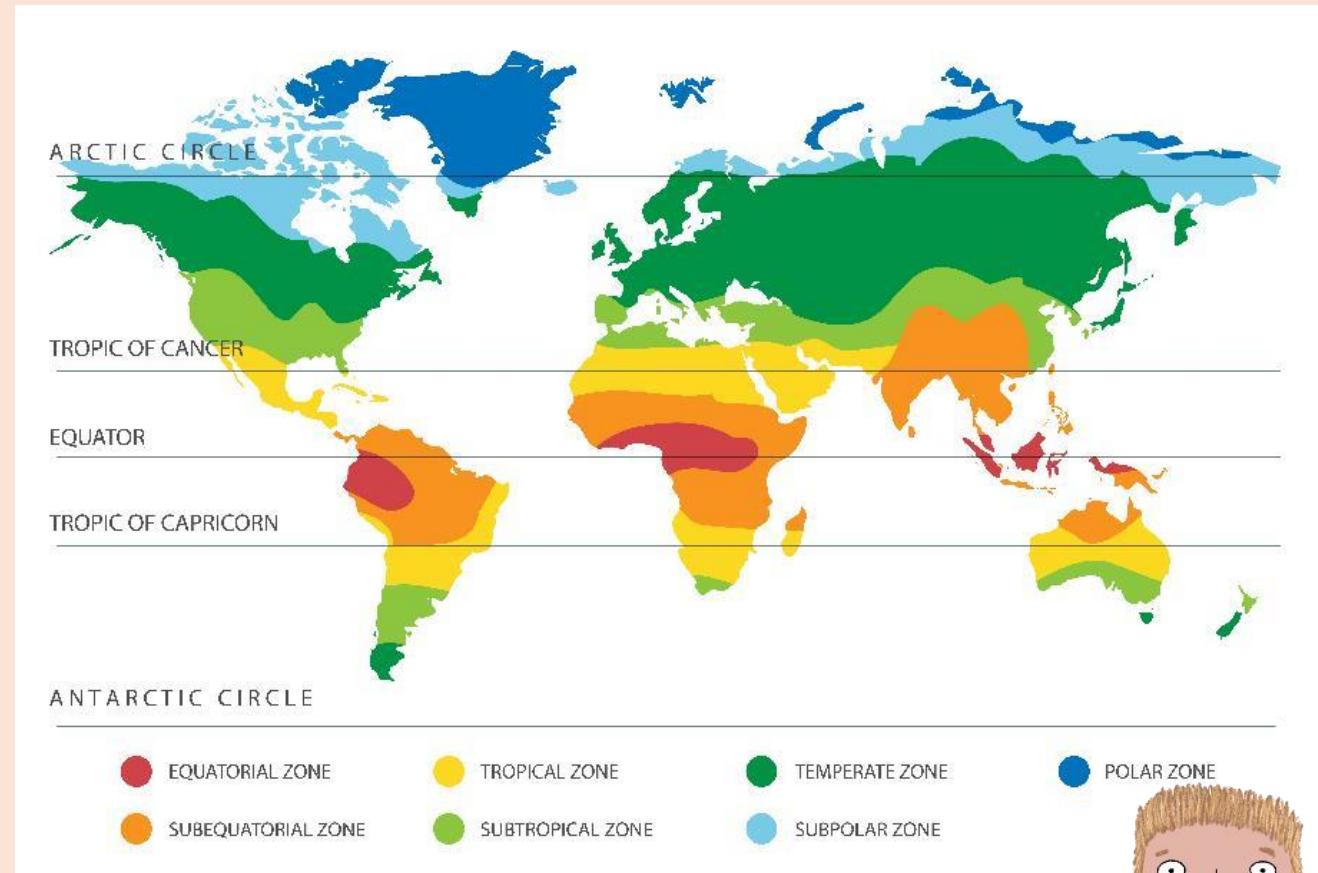
climate zone

lake



What is the climate like in South America?

There are many different climate zones across South America. These climate zones mean that the weather is different across the **continent**. This also means that the plants and wildlife can be quite different from place to place across the same continent.

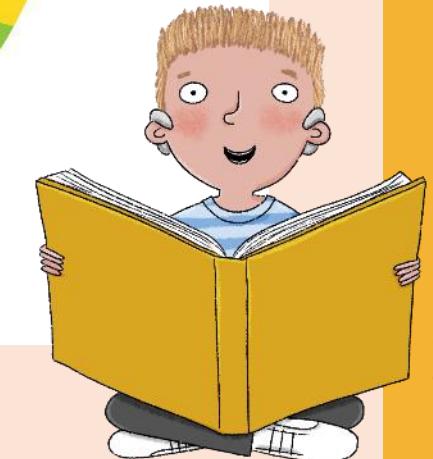


What is the climate like in South America?

In the north of the continent, where the land is along the Equator, there is an equatorial **climate**. Here, it is hot all year and there are no seasons.

There is also heavy rainfall throughout the year.

Slightly further south, where the land falls between the tropics, there is a **tropical** climate. This climate has two seasons: both are hot, but one is rainy and one is dry.

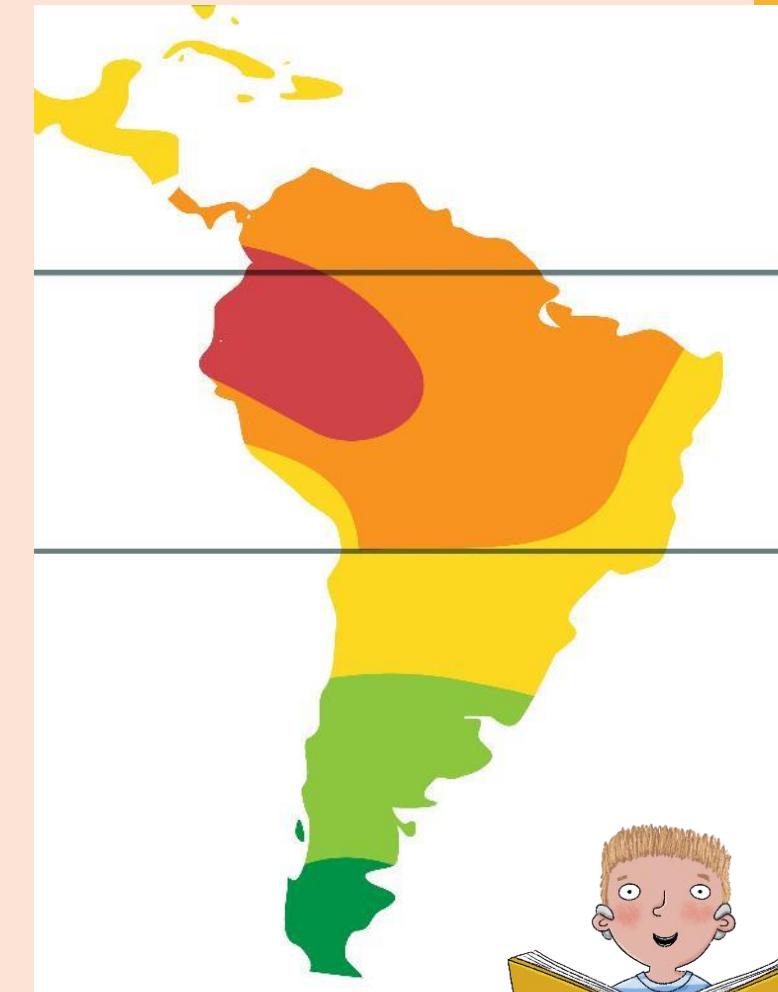


What is the climate like in South America?

Across the middle of the continent, there is an **arid** climate. The word 'arid' means 'very dry' and this is exactly what an arid climate is like. There is rarely any rain.

Below the arid zone is the Mediterranean zone, which has dry, very warm summers and cool, wet winters.

Below the Mediterranean zone is the temperate climate zone. Here the temperature is rarely extreme, but there are obvious changes across the four seasons.



Match the climate zone to the description.

Temperate

Hot all year round.

Arid

Rarely extreme temperatures but four clear seasons.

Tropical

Hot all year with a wet season and a dry season.

Mediterranean

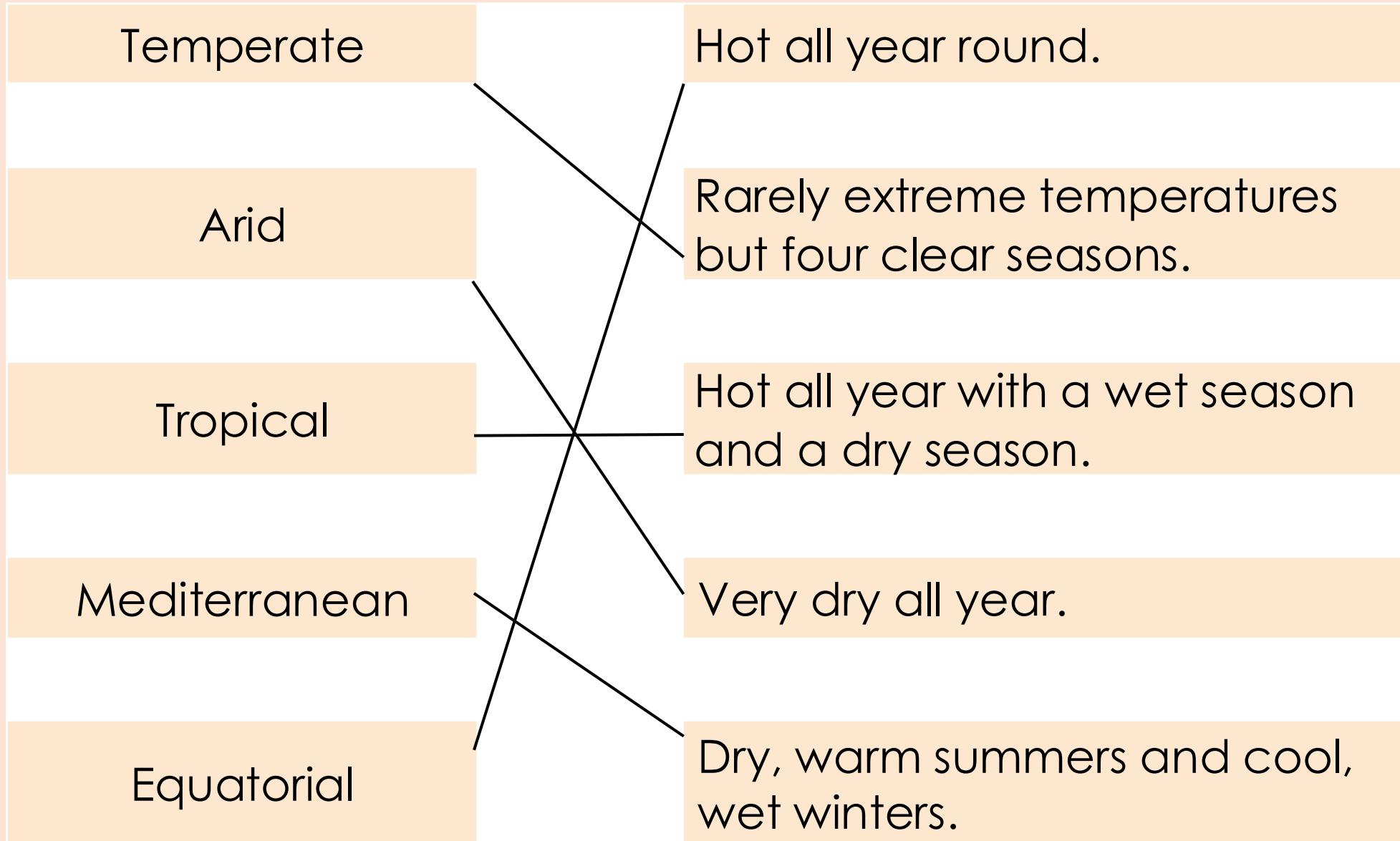
Very dry all year.

Equatorial

Dry, warm summers and cool, wet winters.



Match the climate zone to the description – answers.



Lesson 1: Investigation

Use a map to locate and label each of the physical features. What are the names of the waterfall, river, desert, rainforest, and mountain range?



Use a map to locate and label each of the physical features. What are the names of the waterfall, river, desert, rainforest, and mountain range?



Amazon Rainforest



Andes Mountains



Kaieteur Falls



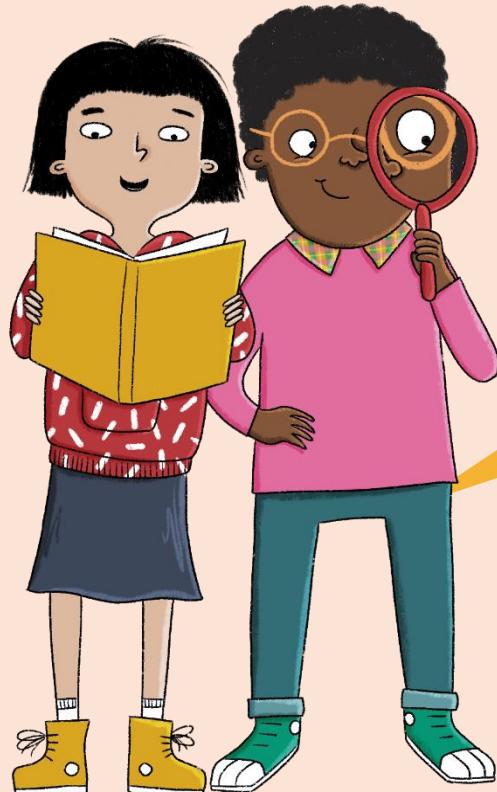
Amazon River



Atacama Desert



What are the key physical features of South America?



Exit question

Can you list three key points to summarise what you have learned in this lesson?

Key vocabulary

climate	Mediterranean
Amazon	equatorial
temperate	human feature
arid	physical feature
rainforest	desert
tropical	



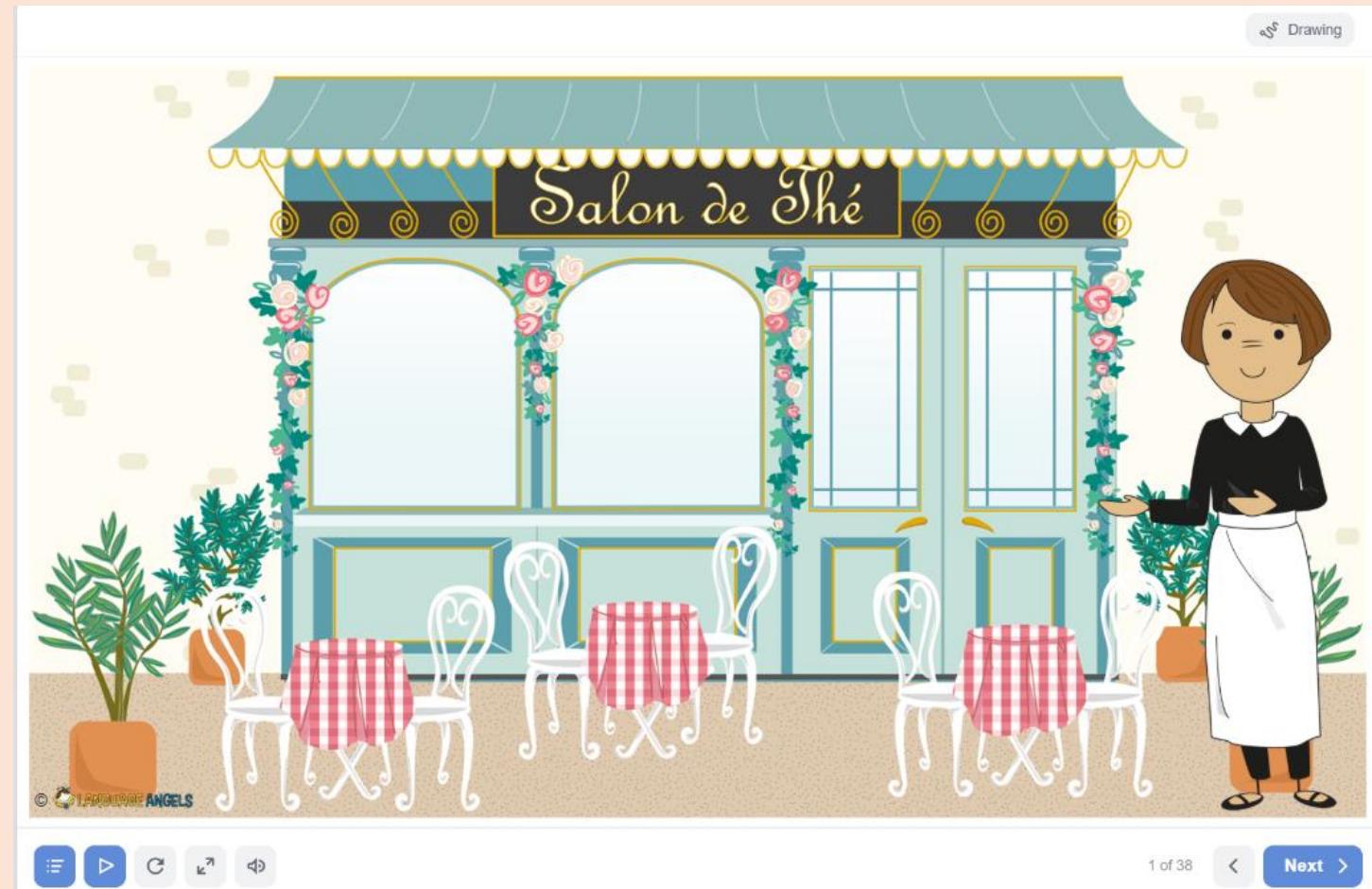
lundi 12 janvier

TBAT: recognise and pronounce nouns for food and drink in a French tea room.

Turn and talk:

What are the 3 ways to say 'my'?

How do we say 'I have' when talking about our age?



Language angels:

languageangels.com/teachDashboard/67653/0/233

lundi 12 janvier

TBAT: recognise and pronounce masculine nouns for food and drink in a French salon de thé.

Independent task

Nom: _____

INSTRUCTIONS: Put each item of food or drink into the correct category.

Foods

Drinks

- 1) un café au lait 2) un croissant 3) un sandwich au fromage 4) un café
- 5) un chocolat chaud 6) un sandwich au jambon 7) un jus d'orange
- 8) un coca-cola 9) un thé 10) un croque-monsieur 11) un pain au chocolat

Check your **answers** and use a **green pen** to correct any spellings

Independent task

Nom: _____

INSTRUCTIONS: Put each item of food or drink into the correct category.

Foods

un croissant

un sandwich au fromage

un sandwich au jambon

un croque-monsieur

un pain au chocolat

Drinks

un café au lait

un café

un chocolat chaud

un jus d'orange

un coca-cola

un thé