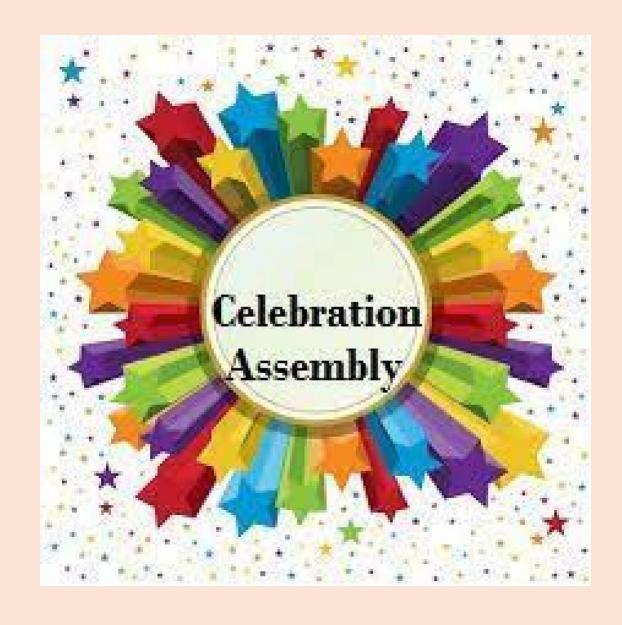
Tuesday 8th July Morning Challenge



## Celebration Assembly



### <u>Tuesday 8th July</u> <u>KQ: How does the UK trade with the rest of the world?</u>

#### Knowledge Quiz

1. In which country is water scarce?

Canada Libya Australia

2. What are natural materials?

materials from Earth that have economic value materials that are man-made and have economic value

3. Where are most of the Earth's oil reserves found?

the Middle East North America South America

4. How much of the population struggle due to lack of fresh water?

70% 30% 50% 80%

5. What does it mean when a country has water security?

Countries have a reliable source of quality water.

Countries do not have a reliable source of quality water, so they need to keep it secure.

### Knowledge quiz 3.2

1. In which country is water scarce?

Canada



**Australia** 

2. What are natural materials?

materials from Earth that have economic value materials that are man-made and have economic value

3. Where are most of the Earth's oil reserves found?

the Middle East

**North America** 

**South America** 



### Knowledge quiz 3.2

4. How much of the population struggle due to lack of fresh water?

70 per cent

30 per cent

50 per cent

80 per cent

5. What does it mean when a country has water security?

Countries have a reliable source of quality water.

Countries do not have a reliable source of quality water, so they need to keep it secure.



What are natural resources and why do we use them?





In this lesson, we will learn to locate the trading partners of the UK and, consider the UK's imports and exports.





The key term in this lesson is **trade**.

Trade is the way people buy and sell goods and services.





### How does the UK trade with the rest of the world?

### Key knowledge

- Goods are transported all over the world using ships, planes, and trains.
- An import is when goods or services are brought into a country from abroad for sale.
- An export is when goods or services are sent to another country for sale.

### Key vocabulary

- consume/ consumption
- export
- goods
- import





### What is trade and who do we trade with?

**Trade** is the way people all around the world buy and sell **goods** or services. Today we may find things in our home that have been grown or made all over the world. We transport goods all over the world using ships, lorries, planes, and trains.

An **import** refers to goods or services that are brought into a country from abroad to sell. An **export** refers to goods or services that are sent to another

country to be sold.

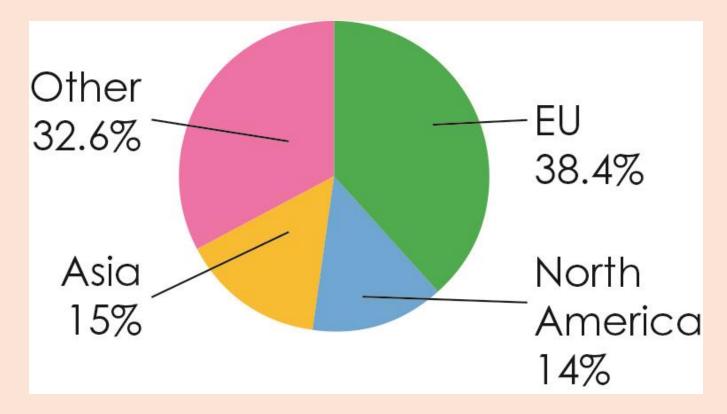




### What is trade and who do we trade with?

### **Imports**

In March 2022, 38.4 per cent of the United Kingdom's total imports came from the European Union (EU). Asian trade partners supplied 15 per cent of imports, while 14 per cent of imports were brought in from North America. Smaller percentages were imported from Africa, Australia, New Zealand, and Latin America.

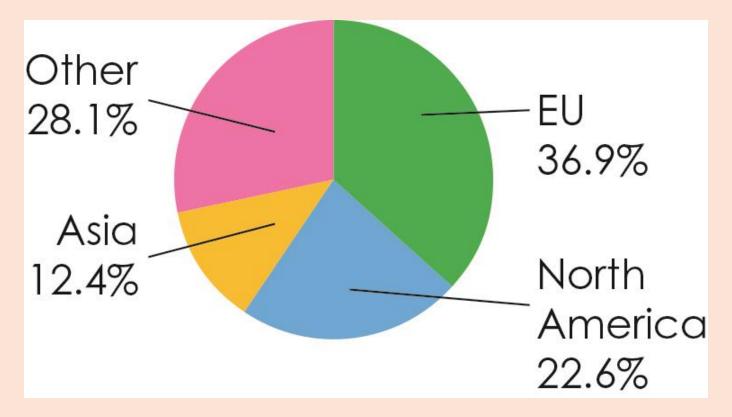




### What is trade and who do we trade with?

### **Exports**

In March 2022, 36.9 per cent of the United Kingdom's total exports were delivered to the European Union (EU), while 12.4 per cent were sold to Asian importers. The UK shipped another 22.6 per cent of goods to North America. Smaller percentages went to Africa, Australia, New Zealand, and Latin America.





### Answer the following questions.

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	Write the	definitions	tor these	terms in v	vour own	words.
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Import:		
Export:		

2. Which continent does the UK export the most amount of goods to?

3. Which continents does the UK trade least with?

4. Why do we trade the most with the countries nearest to us?



### Answer the following questions.

1. Write the definitions for these terms in your own words:

Import: goods/services brought into a country from abroad to sell.

Export: goods or services that are sent to another country to be sold.

Which continent does the UK export the most amount of goods to?
 Europe

3. Which continents does the UK trade least with?

Africa, Australia, New Zealand, and Latin America

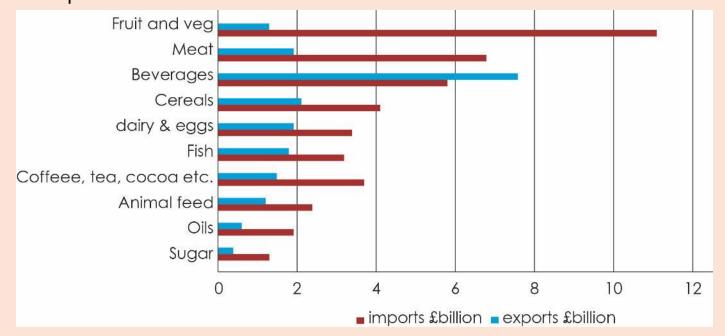
4. Why do we trade the most with the countries nearest to us?

The costs of moving goods and services are cheaper for shorter journeys.



# What are the main food and drink products the UK imports and exports?

In 2020, the UK supplied just over half (55 per cent) of the food **consumed** in the UK. The EU supplied the largest import of food to the UK at 30 per cent. Africa, Asia, North and South America each provided a 4 per cent share of the food consumed in the UK. It is important to source food from the UK as well as from countries outside of the UK as it improves food security. Let's look at the value of UK imports and exports.





### Answer the following questions.

What is the ratio of imported fish to exported fish?

2. How much fruit and vegetables do we import? \_\_\_\_\_\_

3. How much do we spend on imports? \_\_\_\_\_\_

4. How much do we make on exports? \_\_\_\_\_

5. Looking at the graph, what do you notice about the largest imports and exports?

6. If we could not import fruit and vegetables, what do you think the consequence would be?



### Answer the following questions.

- 1. What is the ratio of imported fish to exported fish? 3.5: 2 (or 7:4)
- 2. How much fruit and vegetables do we import? £11.5 billion
- 3. How much do we spend on imports? £44.4 billion
- 4. How much do we make on exports? £21.3 billion
- 5. Looking at the graph, what do you notice about the largest imports and exports?

The largest imports are important things like fruits and vegetables to give people healthy diets. The largest exports are luxury items like beverages that are not essential.

6. If we could not import fruit and vegetables, what do you think the consequence would be?

People would not be able to have healthy diets.



# Tuesday 8th July KQ: Is trade around the world fair?

### Knowledge Quiz

1. What is an import?

a product brought into a country a product taken out of a country

2. What is an export?

a product brought into a country a product taken out of a country

3. Which commodity does the UK import the most?

sugar fruit and vegetables fish cereals

4. What percentage of the UK's exports are delivered to the European Union (EU)?

35.5 per cent 36.9 per cent 38.4 per cent 41.4 per cent

5. How much of the food consumed in the UK in 2020 was imported?

25% 45% 55% 65%

In this lesson, we will learn to describe the material footprints of different countries and compare their wealth.





The key term in this lesson is GDP. Gross Domestic Product (GDP) is the total value of goods produced and services provided in a country during one year.





### Is trade around the world fair?

### Key knowledge

- The world's richest countries consume on average 10 times as many materials as the poorest.
- One of the factors used to determine the wealth of nations around the world is the Gross Domestic Product (GDP).
- Fair trade is about better prices, decent working conditions, local sustainability, and fair terms of trade for farmers and workers in the developing world.

### Key vocabulary

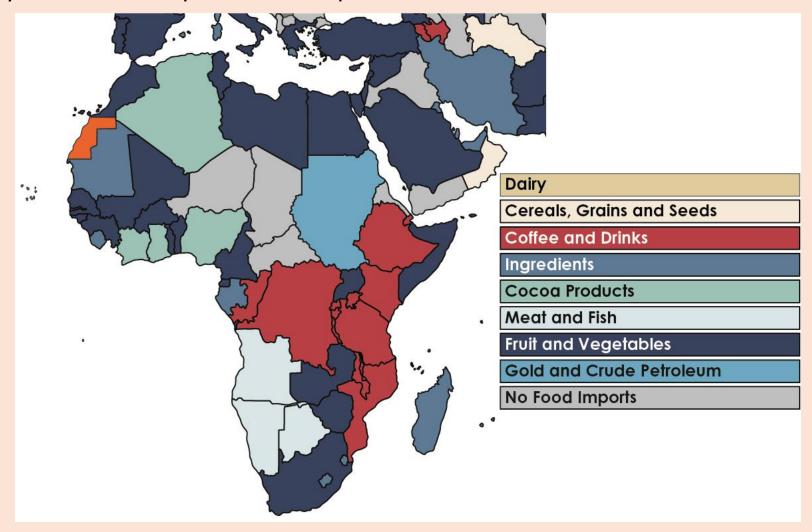
- fair trade
- sustainability





### Imports to the United Kingdom

Look closely at this map of UK imports from Africa.





### Imports to the United Kingdom

Which countries in Africa do we import these products from?

Countries	Product	Value per year (£)
	Cocoa products	£184,540,919
	Grapes	£115,229,624
	Tea and coffee	£75,873,029
	Tomatoes	£35,568,083



### Imports to the United Kingdom

Which countries in Africa do we import these products from?

Countries	Product	Value per year (£)
Algeria, Nigeria, Ghana, Ivory Coast	Cocoa products	£184,540,919
South Africa	Grapes	£115,229,624
Ethiopia, Kenya, Tanzania, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Democratic Republic of Congo, Republic of Congo	Tea and coffee	£75,873,029
Morocco, Canary Islands	Tomatoes	£35,568,083



### Is all trading fair?

The world's richest countries consume on average 10 times as many materials as the poorest. North America and Europe have by far the biggest material footprints on the planet.

Japan has very limited natural resources but is still one of the richest countries in Asia because successful Japanese companies such as Nintendo, Sony, and Toyota make products that are highly desired. As a result of trade, Japan has enough wealth to buy the resources it needs.





### Is all trading fair?

In contrast, Mozambique is rich in natural resources such as natural gas and aluminium, but is unable to process and transform these resources to create products. Mozambique is one of the poorest countries in Africa and in the

world.



**Gross Domestic Product** (GDP) is used to determine the wealth of nations, and is the total value of goods produced and services provided in a country during one year. In 2021, Japan's GDP is 4,937,421.88 million USD, whereas Mozambique's GDP is 16,095.83 million USD. Japan can buy natural resources to produce goods and services, whereas Mozambique cannot.



### Answer the following questions.

١.	Why is Japan a wealthy country?

2. What does GDP stand for?

3. Which natural resources is Mozambique rich in?



### Answer the following questions.

Why is Japan a wealthy country?

Japan has many successful companies such as Nintendo, Sony, and Toyota, which make products that are highly desired. As a result of trade, Japan has enough wealth to buy the resources it needs.

2. What does GDP stand for?

**Gross Domestic Product** 

3. Which natural resources is Mozambique rich in?

Mozambique is rich in natural resources such as natural gas and aluminium.



### Fair trade

**Fair trade** is about better prices, decent working conditions, local **sustainability**, and fair terms of trade for farmers and workers in the developing world. In fair trade aims, companies have to pay a guaranteed fair price which therefore helps to improve the quality of life for producers.

The FAIRTRADE Mark is a registered certification label for products sourced from producers in developing countries. These products cost a little more, but many people think this is a small price to pay to help people all over the world live a better life. Fairtrade also sets minimum standards for pay and work conditions. Products include tea, coffee, chocolate, and sugar.





### **Exit Ticket:**

What are the benefits of buying fair trade?





### Lion King Dress Rehearsal

